Lecture section:

Student Number: _____

PUT ANSWERS IN BOXES. NO BOOKS/NOTES/CALCULATORS. DO YOUR OWN WORK. Simplify answers where possible. Include units where needed. All angles are in radians. $\log = \log_{10}$.

1. Simplify by combining using a common denominator:

$$\frac{8(x-3)}{5x} - \frac{2x+14}{5x}$$

2. Simplify by combining using a common denominator:

$$\frac{x}{x+2} - \frac{2}{x^2-4}$$

3. Solve for x:

$$\frac{4}{3x} = \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{2x}$$

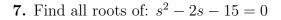
4. Solve for x:

$$\sqrt{2x+1} + 1 = x$$

5. Solve for x:

$$2x \leq 7$$

6. Find the equation of the line between the points (0,1) and (1,2) in *point-slope* form.



8. Find the value of:

$$\sin(\pi)$$

9. Find the value of:

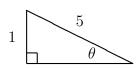
$$\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$$

10. Find the value of c:

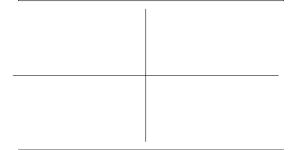




11. Find the value of $\cot(\theta)$:



12. Graph the function $y = \tan(x)$ for $-\pi \le x \le \pi$. Label with the following values (if applicable): each intercept, location of each asymptote, and (x, y) coordinates of each min and max.



13. Simplify and eliminate any negative exponents:

$$\left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{-1/2}$$

14. Simplify:

$$z^{2/3}z^{1/5}$$

15. Solve for t (write answer as a rational number):

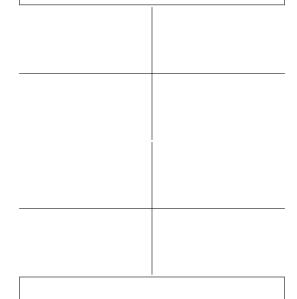
$$100^{3t+2} = 10$$

16. Solve for *x*:

$$2^{3x} = 64$$

17. Graph the function $y = \frac{1}{2}x$. Label with the following values (if applicable): each in-

tercept, slope, and (x, y) coordinates of vertex.



- 18. Graph the function $y = x^2 + 2$. Label with the following values (if applicable): each intercept, slope, and (x, y) coordinates of vertex.
- 19. Find the area of a circle which has diameter 10 cm.
- **20.** Find the volume of a sphere of radius 2 mm.